






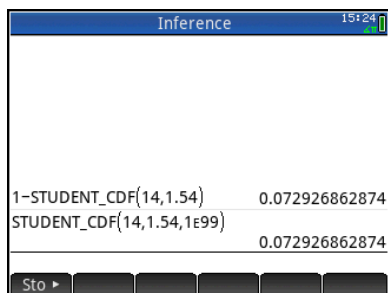
## TECHNOLOGY CORNER for Section 9.3, Page 579

### 19. Computing P-values from t distributions on the HP Prime

You can use the `STUDENT_CDF` command on the HP Prime to calculate areas under a t distribution curve. The syntax of the command is `STUDENT_CDF(degrees of freedom, value)` and it calculates the area to the left of the desired critical *value* of a t distribution with the given *degrees of freedom*. Let's use the cumulative *t* command to find the P-values from the last two examples.

1. *Better batteries*: Find  $P(t \geq 1.54)$ . Since this problem involves the area to the right, we will use `1-STUDENT_CDF(14, 1.54)`

- Press  to go to Home view
- Enter  
- Press , tap *Probability*, then tap *Cumulative* and select *T*
- Complete the command `1-STUDENT_CDF(14, 1.54)` and press .
- Also, the Cumulative Student T command with lower and upper bounds listed as 1.54 and 1E99 produces the same result.



2. *Two-sided test*: Find  $P(t \leq -3.17 \text{ or } t \geq 3.17)$  with 36 degrees of freedom. Since this is a two-sided test, we will double the lower-tail probability.

- Enter the command `2*STUDENT_CDF(36, -3.17)`

